Plotting Points

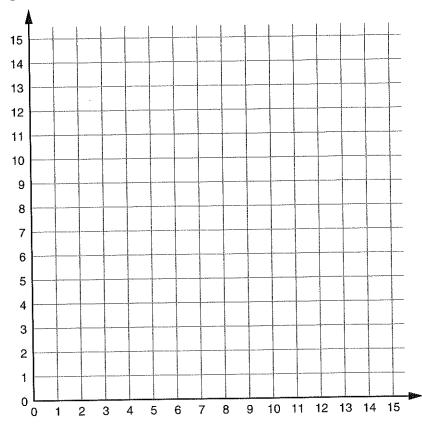


1. Plot the following points on the grid below. After you plot each point, draw a line segment to connect it to the last point you plotted. Reminder: Use your straightedge!



(3,6); (11,11); (15,11); (15,7); (7,2); (3,2); (3,6); (7,6)

Draw a line segment connecting (7,6) and (7,2). Draw a line segment connecting (7,6) and (15,11).



2. What 3-dimensional shape could this drawing represent?

3. a. What ordered pair would name the missing vertex to represent a prism?

b. Draw the missing vertex, and then add dashed lines for the missing edges.

Practice

6.
$$4\frac{3}{8} + 5\frac{7}{8} =$$

7.
$$\frac{1}{5} + \frac{3}{4} =$$



Plotting Figures on a Coordinate Grid



1. Plot three points, and make a triangle on the grid below. Label the points as A, B, and C. List the coordinates of the points you've drawn.

CRR
144-146
208

2. Circle the name of the kind of triangle you drew.

scalene

equilateral

isosceles

3. Plot four points, and make a parallelogram on the grid below. Label the points as M, N, O, and P. List the coordinates of the points you've drawn.

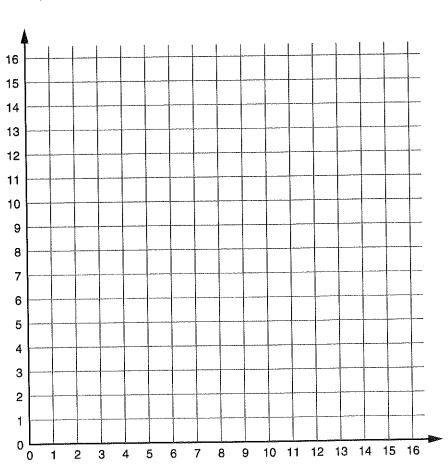
4. Circle another name for the parallelogram you've drawn.

quadrangle

rhombus

rectangle

square





Reflections on a Coordinate Grid

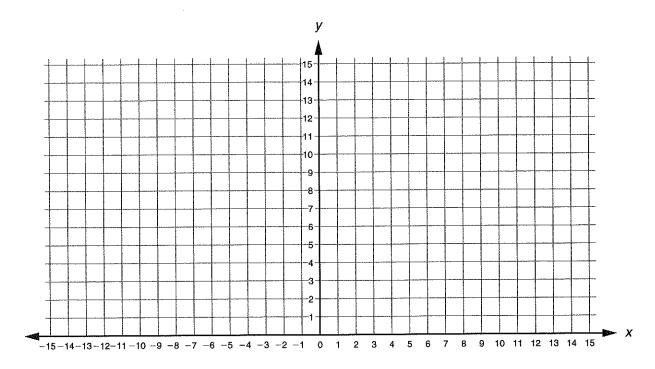


1. Plot the points listed below. Use a straightedge to connect the points in the same order that you plot them.



(6,0); (6,2); (5,3); (3,3); (3,6); (6,7); (7,10); (9,11); (11,11); (13,10); (13,3); (11,2); (11,0)

- 2. Which number (the first number or the second number) in the pair do you need to change to the opposite in order to draw the reflection of this design on the other side of the *y*-axis?
- 3. Draw the reflection described above. Plot the points and connect them.



Practice

Multiply.

6.
$$\frac{7}{8} * \frac{2}{3} =$$

7.
$$2\frac{1}{2}*\frac{3}{4}=$$

STUDY LINK 9•4

More Area Problems



1. Rashid can paint 2 square feet of fence in 10 minutes. Fill in the missing parts to tell how long it will take him to paint a fence that is 6 feet high by 25 feet long. Rashid will be able to paint

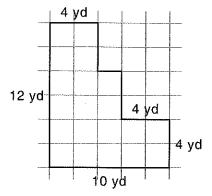


____ of fence in ____ (hours/minutes)

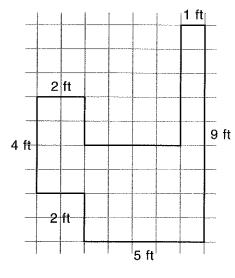
2. Regina wants to cover one wall of her room with wallpaper. The wall is 9 feet high and 15 feet wide. There is a doorway in the wall that is 3 feet wide and 7 feet tall. How many square feet of wallpaper will she need to buy?

Calculate the areas for the figures below.

3.



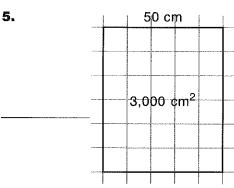
4.

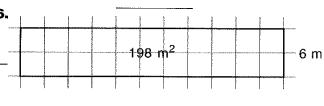


Area = $_$ ______ vd^2

 $Area = \underline{\qquad} ft^2$

Fill in the missing lengths for the figures below.





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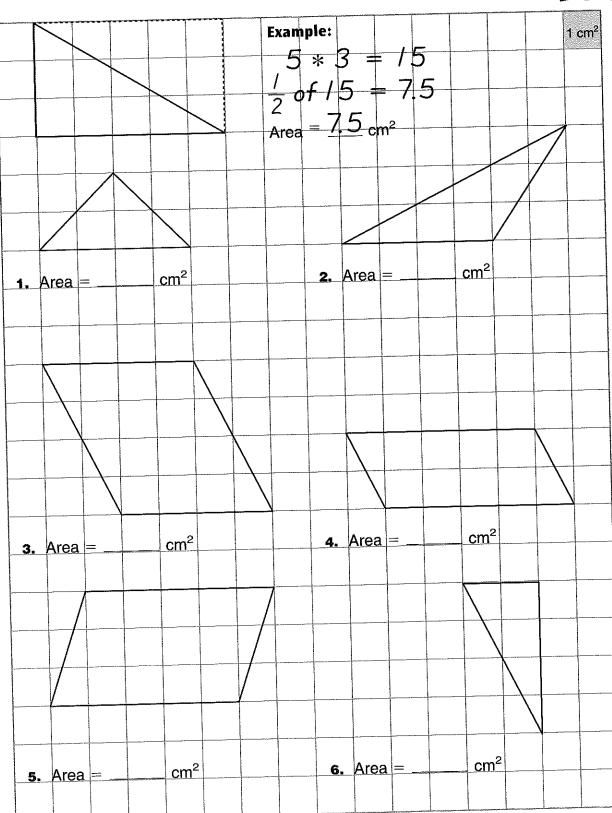


The Rectangle Method



Use the rectangle method to find the area of each figure below.







Area Formulas



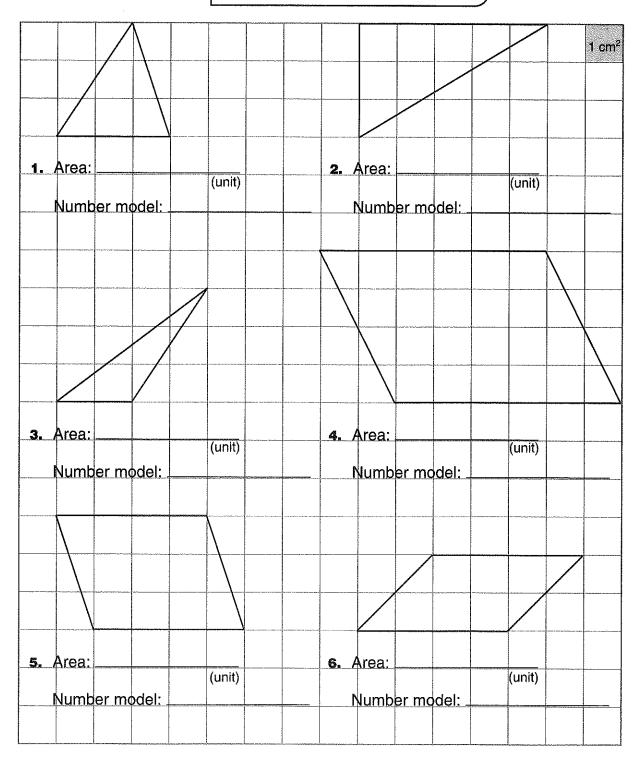
For each figure below, label the base and the height, find the area, and record the number model you use to find the area.



Area of a parallelogram: A = b * h

Area of a triangle: $A = \frac{1}{2} * b * h$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} * b * h$$



An Area Review



Circle the most appropriate unit to use for measuring the area of each object.



1. The area of a football field

cm ²	ft ²	yd ²	in ²
-----------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------

3. The area of a postage stamp

cm ²	ft ²	yd ²	in ²
-----------------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------------

5. Area of a parallelogram-shaped sign on the highway

cm ²	ft ²	yd ²	in ²
		l	l

2. The area of your hand

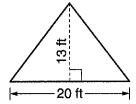
cm ²	ft ²	yd ²	in ²
		,	

4. Area of a triangular kite

cm ²	ft ²	yd ²	in ²
		_	

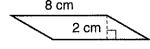
Use a formula to find the area of each figure. Write the appropriate number sentence and the area.

6.



Number sentence:

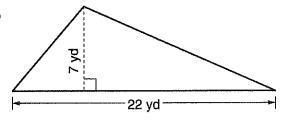
Area: _____ (unit)



Number sentence: _____

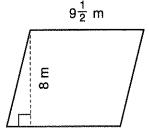
Area: _____ (unit)

8.



Number sentence:

Area: _____ (unit)



Number sentence: _____

Area: _____

(unit)

STUDY LINK 9.8

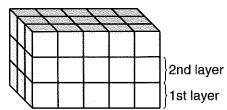
Volumes of Cube Structures



The structures below are made up of centimeter cubes.



1.

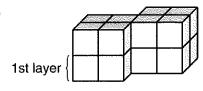


Area of base = ____ cm²

Volume of first layer = ____ cm³

Volume of entire cube structure = ____ cm³

2.

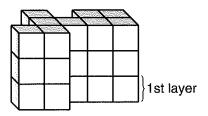


Area of base = ____ cm²

Volume of first layer = ____ cm³

Volume of entire cube structure = ____ cm³

3.

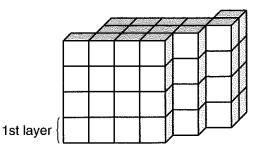


Area of base = _____ cm²

Volume of first layer = _____ cm³

Volume of entire cube structure = ____ cm³

4.



Area of base = ____ cm²

Volume of first layer = _____ cm³

Volume of entire cube structure = ____ cm³

Practice

5.
$$\frac{3}{5} * \frac{1}{8} =$$

8.
$$\frac{4}{5} * \frac{5}{6} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

STUDY LINK 9•9

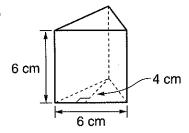
Volumes of Prisms



The volume V of any prism can be found with the formula V = B * h, where B is the area of the base of the prism, and h is the height of the prism from that base.

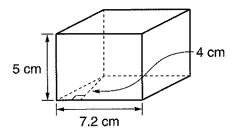


1.



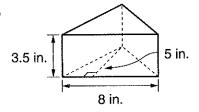
Volume = _____ cm³

2.

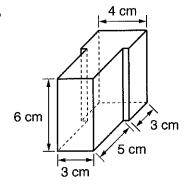


Volume = cm³

3.

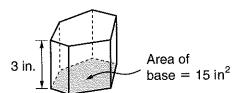


4.



Volume = ____ cm³

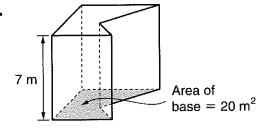
5.



Volume = _____ in³

Volume = _____ in³

6.



Volume = $_{m^3}$

Practice

Solve each equation.

9.
$$3,577 - m = 3,417$$

10.
$$d * 68 = 340$$

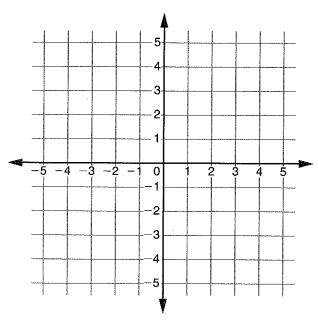


Unit 9 Review



1. Plot 6 points on the grid below and connect them to form a hexagon. List the coordinates of the points you plotted.





(______, _____

(______,

(_____,

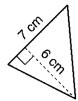
Find the area of the figures shown below. Write the number model you used to find the area.

Area of a rectangle: A = b * h

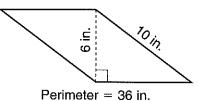
Area of a parallelogram: A = b * h

Area of a triangle: $A = \frac{1}{2} * b * h$

2



3.



Number model: _____

Area: _____

(unit)

Number model: _____

Area: _____

(unit)

4. On the back of this page, explain how you solved Problem 3.